MAPLE RIDGE DRAINAGE

September 16, 2011

Introductions

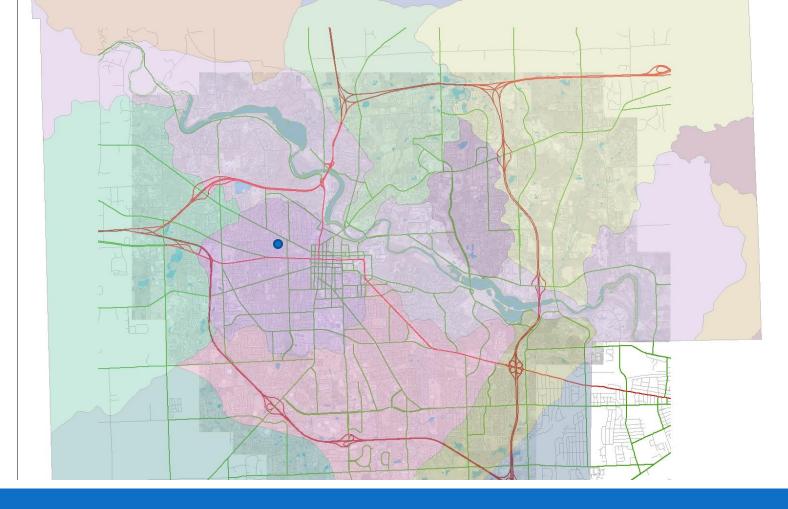
Janis Bobrin – Washtenaw County Water Resources Commissioner Craig Hupy, P.E. – Field Operations Manager Cresson Slotten, P.E. – Systems Planning Manager Jennifer Lawson, CSM – Water Quality Manager Abigail Elias – Chief Assistant City Attorney

Overview

- Summary of City Understanding
- Area Maps
- System Background (including FEMA Maps)
- West Park Project Timeline
- Rainfall Data
- Recent Actions by City and County
- Options, Limitations & Brainstorming

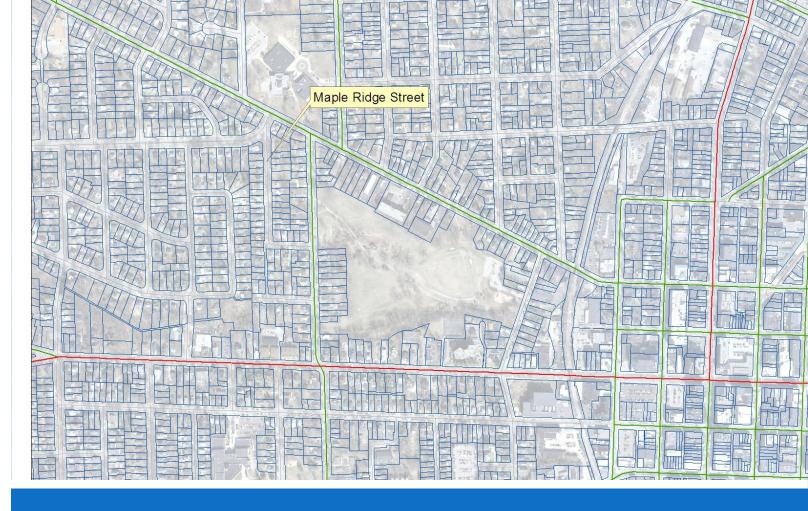
Summary of City Understanding

- Flooding complaints in the vicinity of Maple Ridge
 St. and Arborview Blvd.
- Intense rain events produce backwater conditions and flood the streets
- City and County investigations have demonstrated that options are limited due to floodplain and floodway conditions

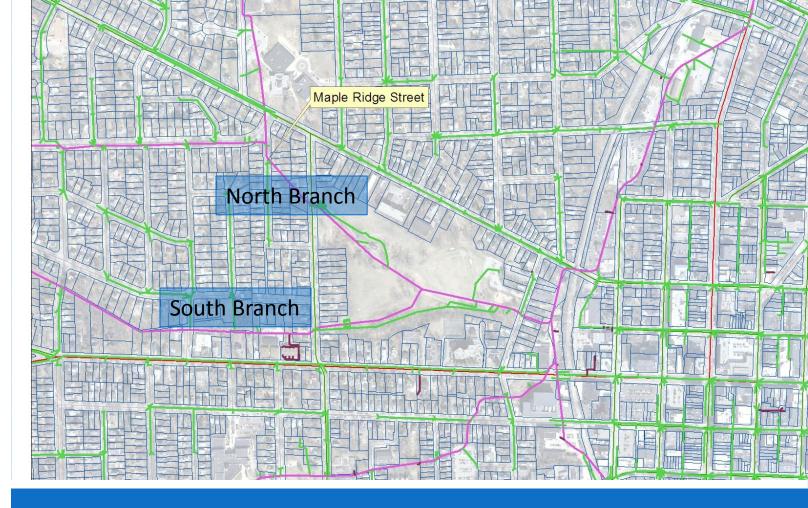


Site Map

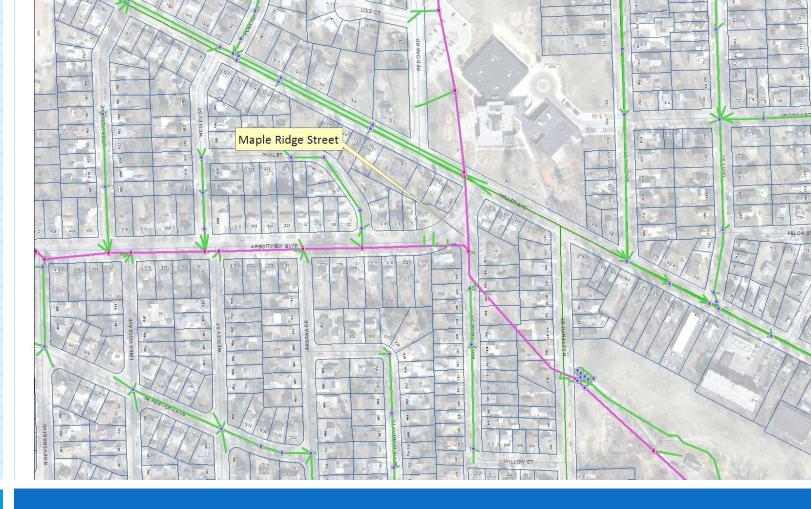
501 Maple Ridge location



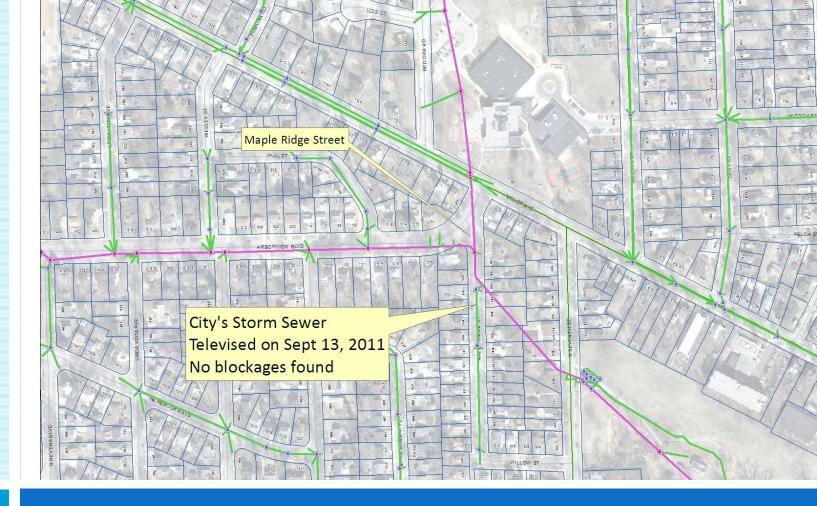
Site Overview



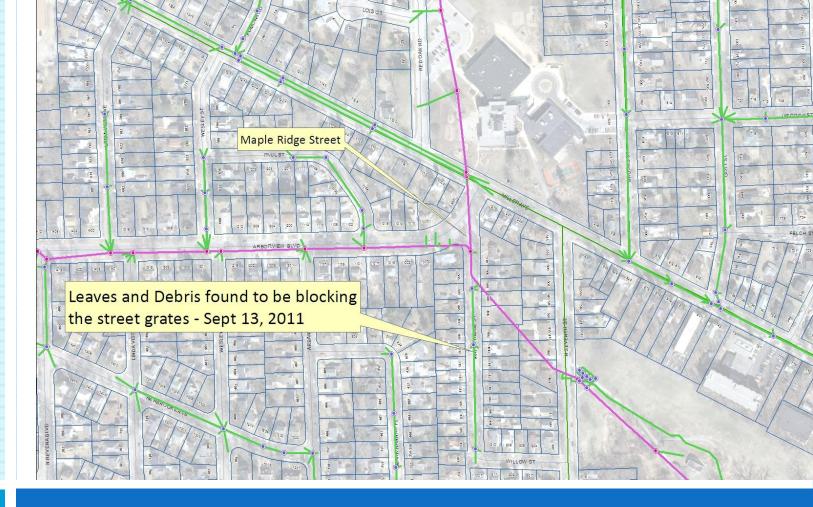
City and County Storm Sewer Network



Site Overview – Neighborhood Scale



City Investigations



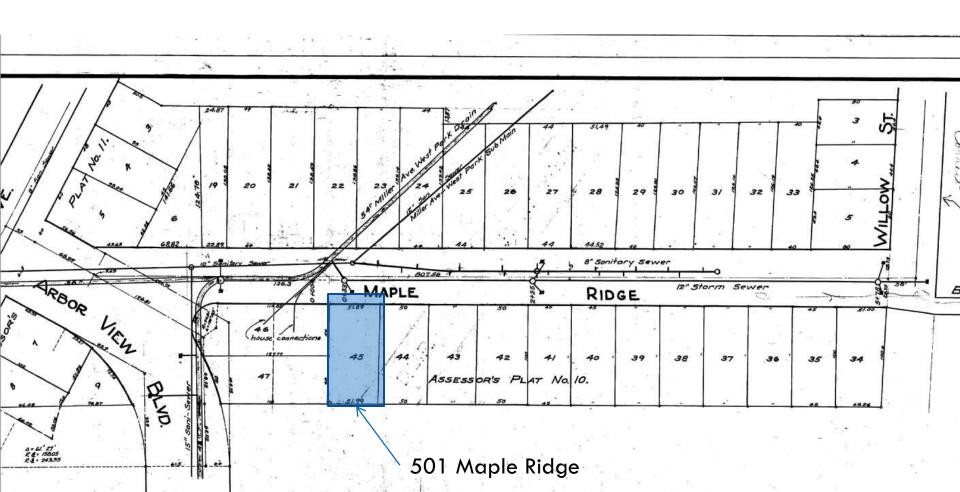
Found Issues – Resident Opportunity

General Day-to-Day Maintenance – Residents can help by keeping the storm drains cleared to allow flow.

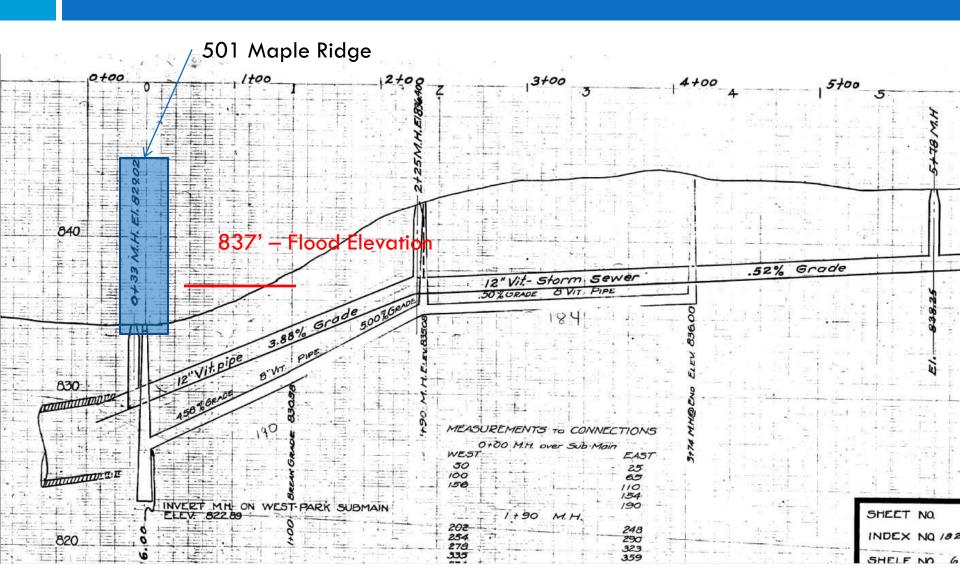


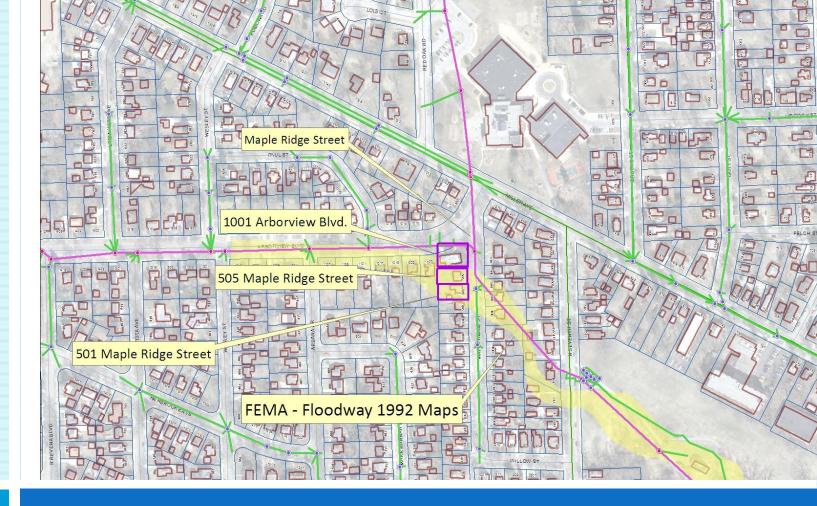
County Investigations

Plan of Storm Sewer Network



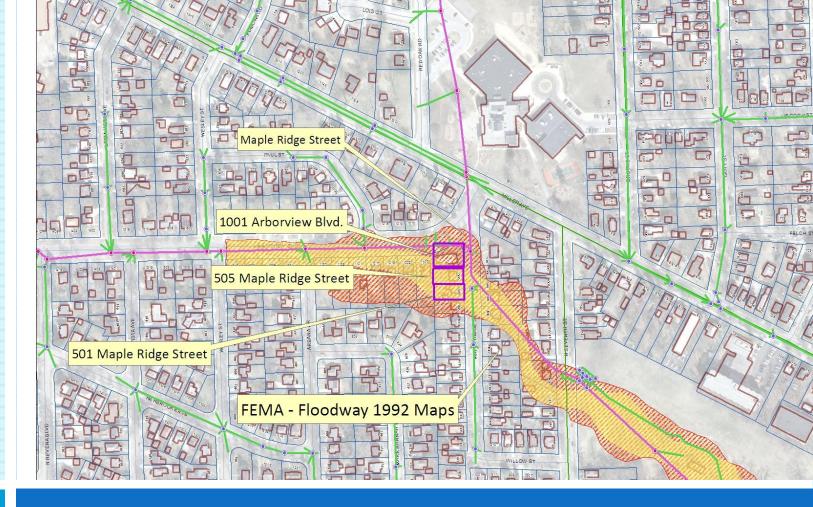
Profiles of Storm Sewer Network





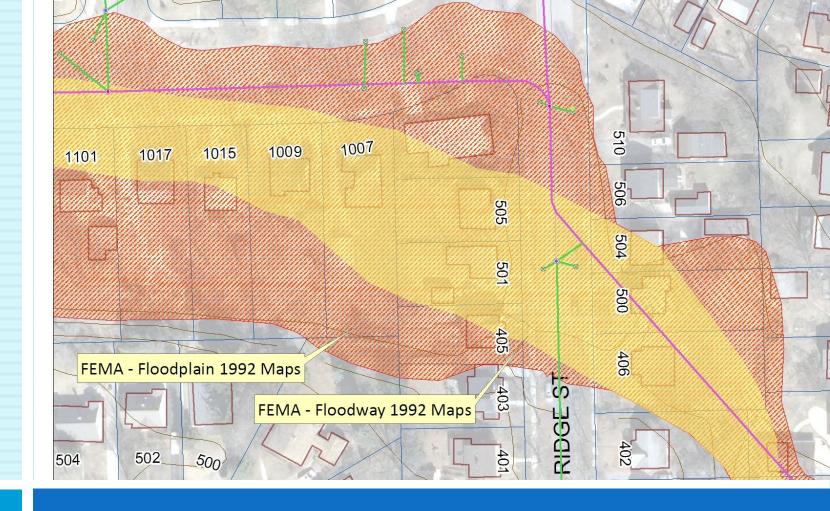
Floodway Map Designation

FEMA definition: A "Floodway" means the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than a designated height.



Floodplain

FEMA definition: (Special Flood Hazard Area) SFHA are defined as the area that will be inundated by the flood event having a 1-percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The 1-percent annual chance flood is also referred to as the base flood or 100-year flood.



Floodplain Considerations

Floodplains and floodways exist, even after humans install pipes.

Storm Sewer Design and Background

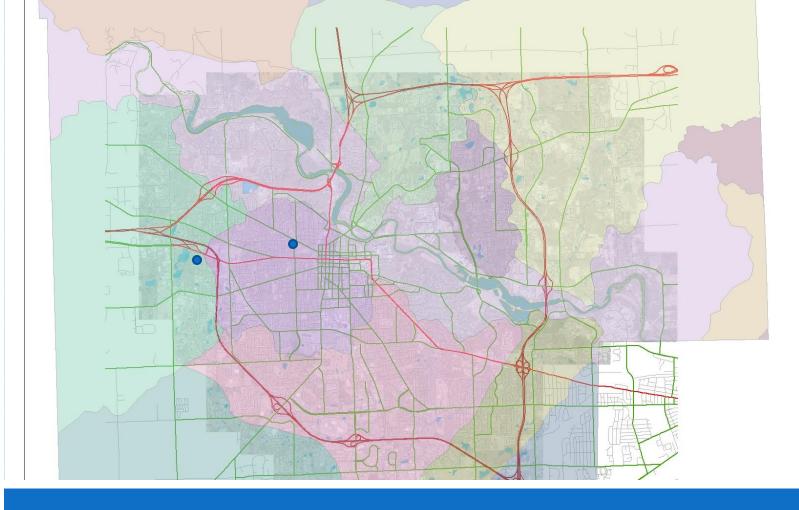
□ City's storm sewer network has a design limitation.

- Current City Standard (10-yr storm event)
 - Representing standard engineering practice
- Older systems had variable designs
- City's storm sewer inlets have a physical limitation.
 - ~2cfs per inlet
 - Assuming the inlet is not obstructed by debris
- The street rights-of-way (including pavement and gutters) store excess rainwater
 - Representing standard engineering practice

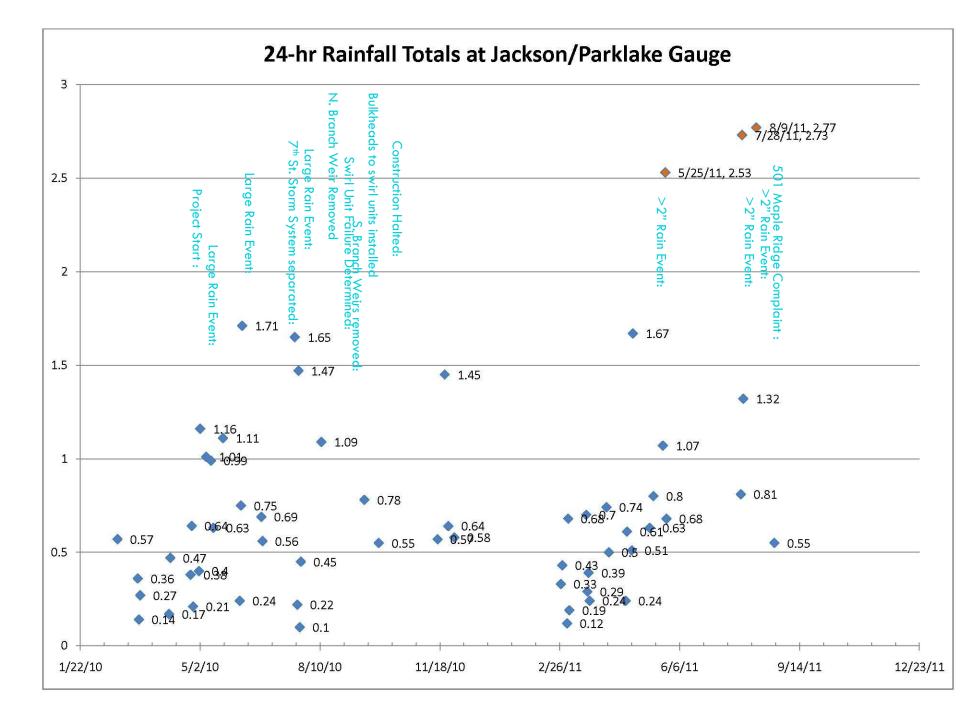
West Park Timeline

- Project Start:
- Large Rain Event:
- Large Rain Event:
- 7th St. Storm System separated:
- Large Rain Event:
- □ S. Branch Weirs removed:
- Swirl Unit Failure Determined:
- N. Branch Weirs removed:
- Bulkheads to swirl units installed
- Construction Halted:
- □ >2" Rain Event:
- >2" Rain Event:
- >2" Rain Event:
- 501 Maple Ridge Complaint :

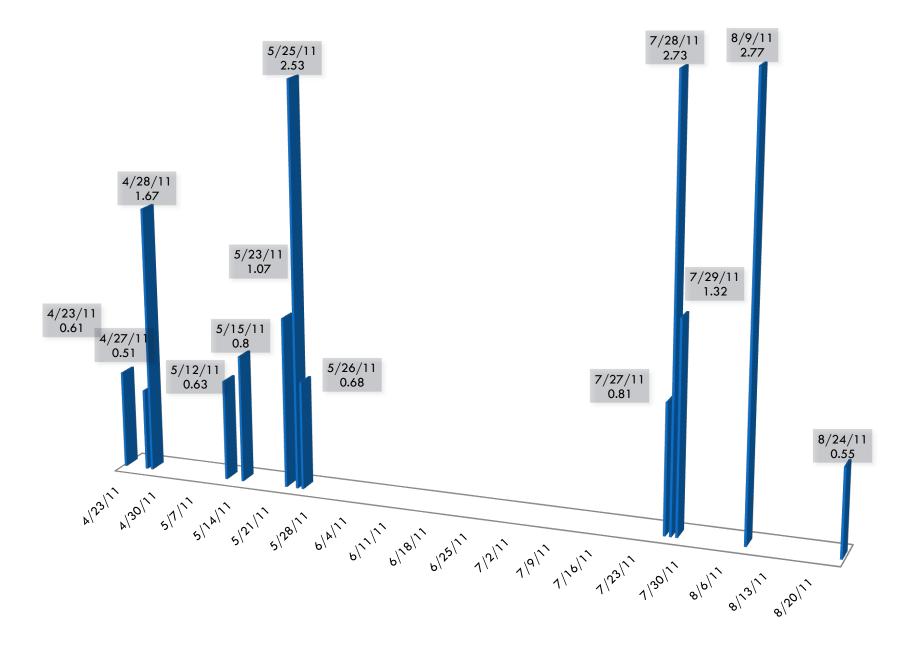
May 2010 June 2010 July 2010 August 2010 (est) August 2010 August 16, 2010 October 2010 October 2010 October 2010 October 2010 May 2011 July 2011 August 2011 August 2011

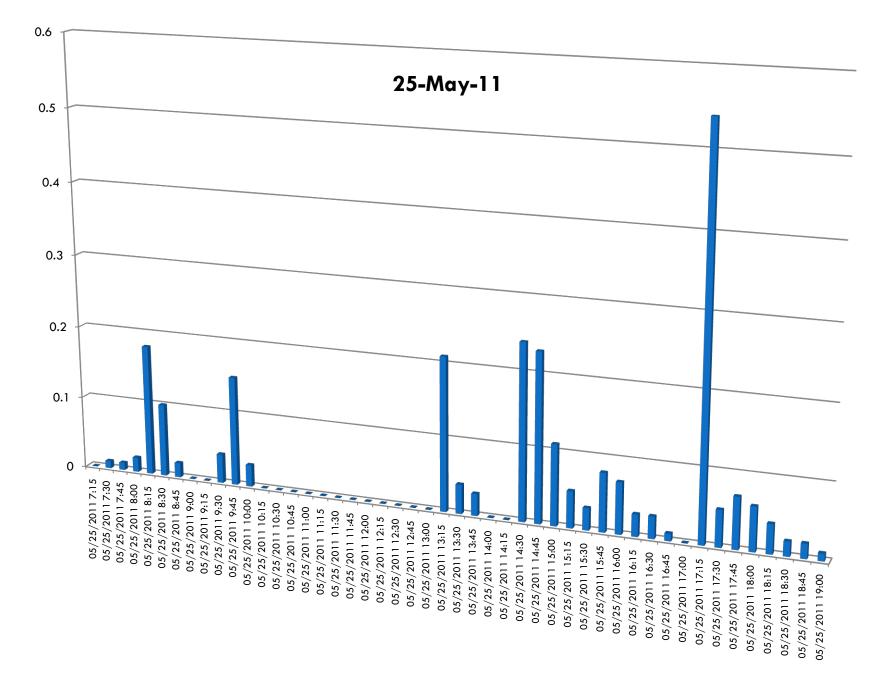


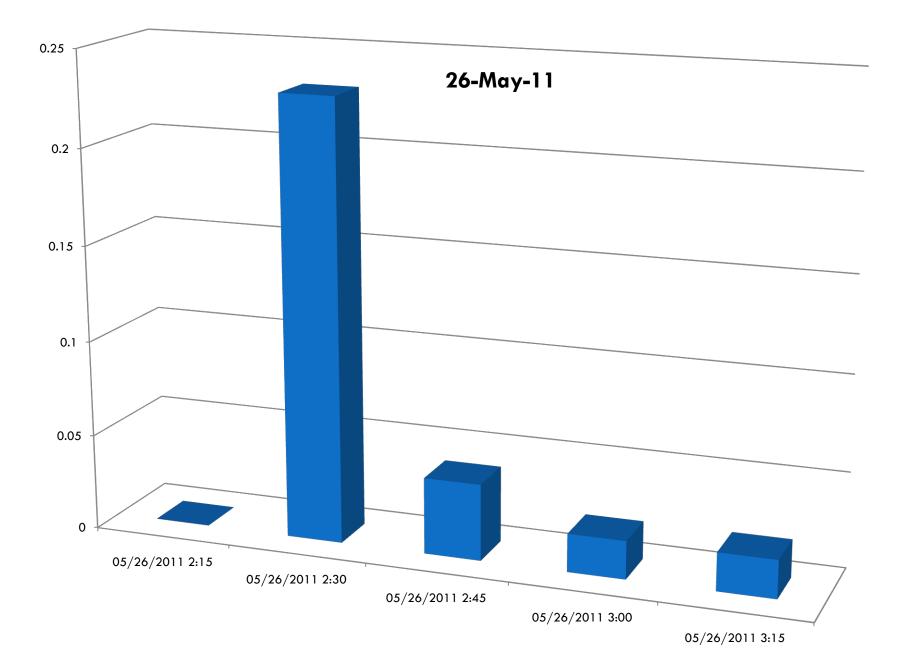
Rain Gauge Location

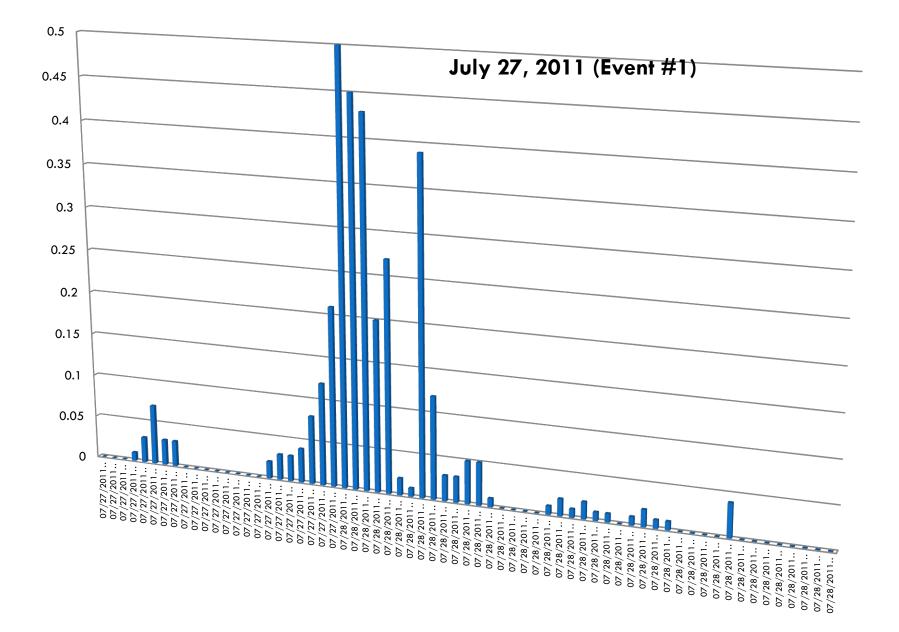


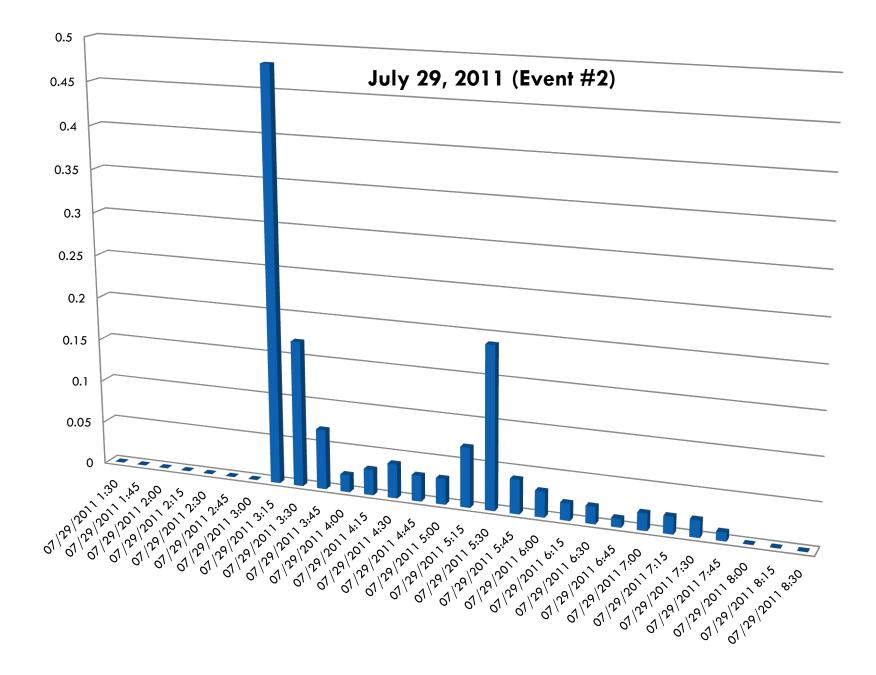
April 2011 through August 2011

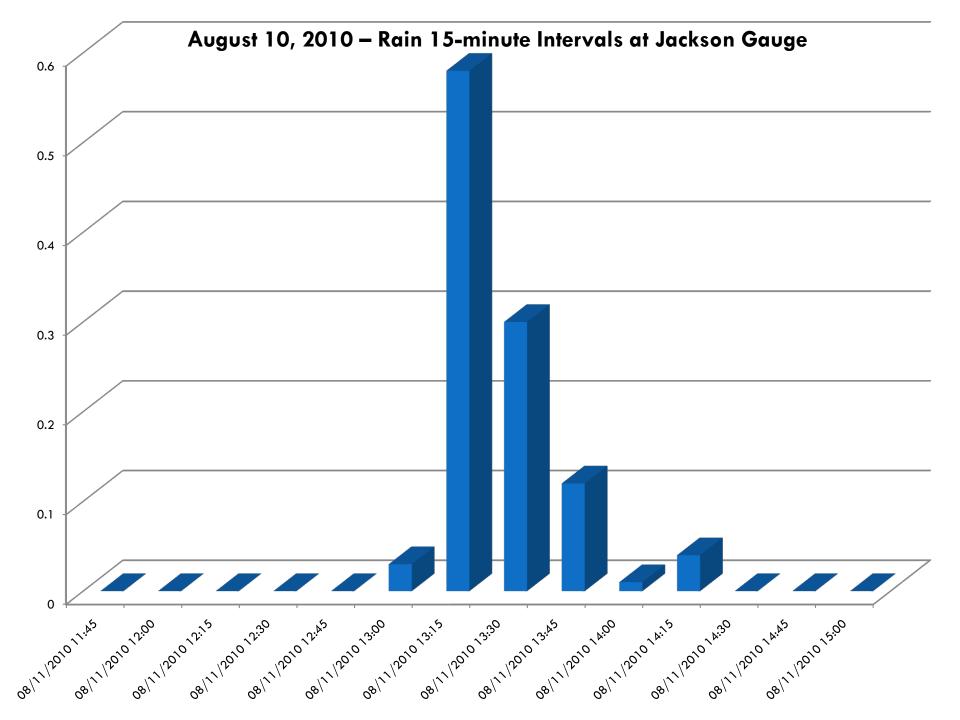


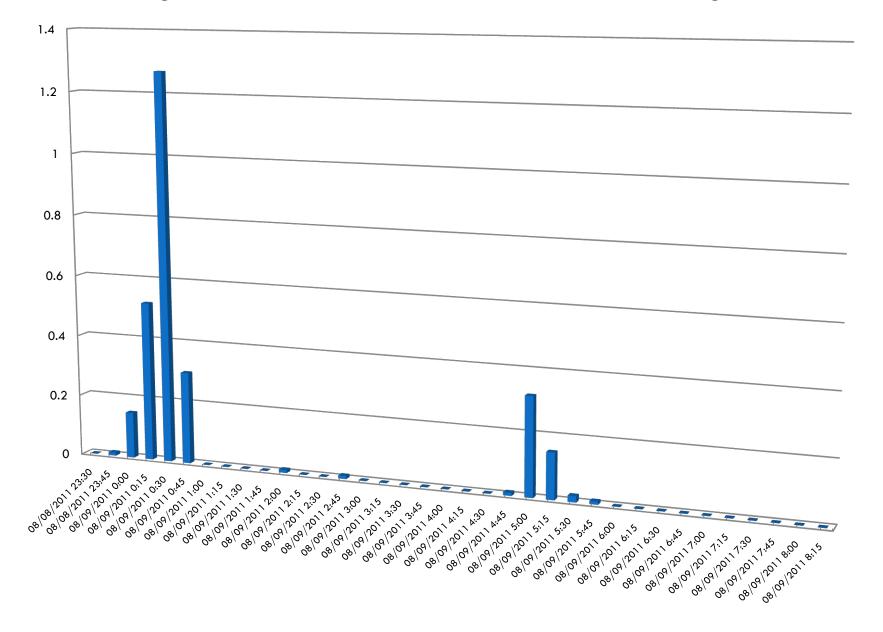




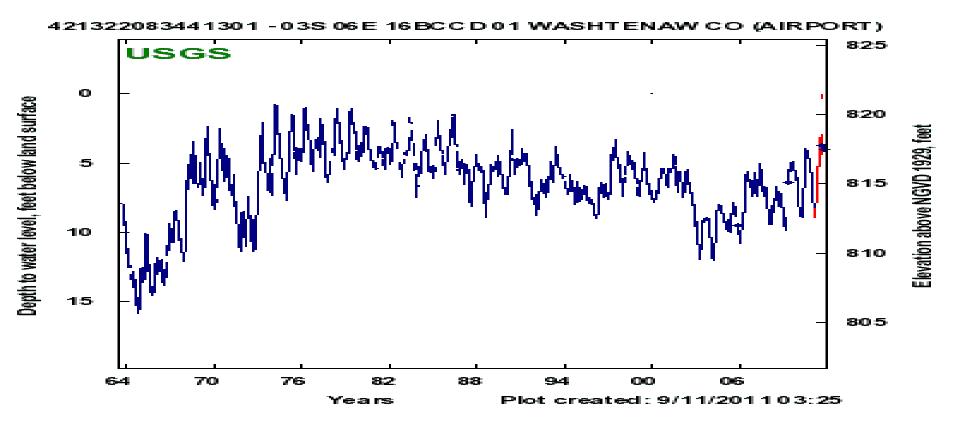








August 8, 2011 - Rain 15-minute Intervals at Jackson Gauge



<u>1963 through current: (feet below ground surface)</u>

Well depth: 55 feet

Highest GW level:	0.03'	08/30/11
Lowest GW level:	15.86'	10/18/64

Recent Actions by City and County

- City televised the City-owned Maple Ridge Storm Sewer
- City televised the County-owned 54" from Arborview to N. Seventh

No blockages found Pipe is in good condition System functioning as designed

Specific Resident Inquiries

- Has the City yet issued the petition required for the County office to investigate and take possible action on the storm sewers?
 - The City and County have been working in partnership since this issue was brought to our collective attention.
 - If a system failure or deficiency had been found, the City would have coordinated with the County to submit a petition for an improvement to the Drainage District.
 - Any costs associated with the Drainage District improvements would be ultimately funded by the City's Stormwater Utility Funds, as funded by Stormwater Ratepayers

Specific Resident Inquiries

- Residents want compensation for the several thousand dollars of damages, insurance deductibles, etc. that resulted from this August 8th flooding.
 - Risk Management matter
 - Claims must meet all requirements of Act 222

Options, Limitations and Brainstorming

- Expanding stormwater capacity in this reach will only move the problem downstream
- Feasibility of constructing stormwater storage at this location or on this branch
- □ Site specific improvements to the County Drain
 - The resident or the City can directly petition the County for a Chapter 4 Improvement.
 - Who pays? ONLY the properties affected within that district
- Additional Ideas and Comments?